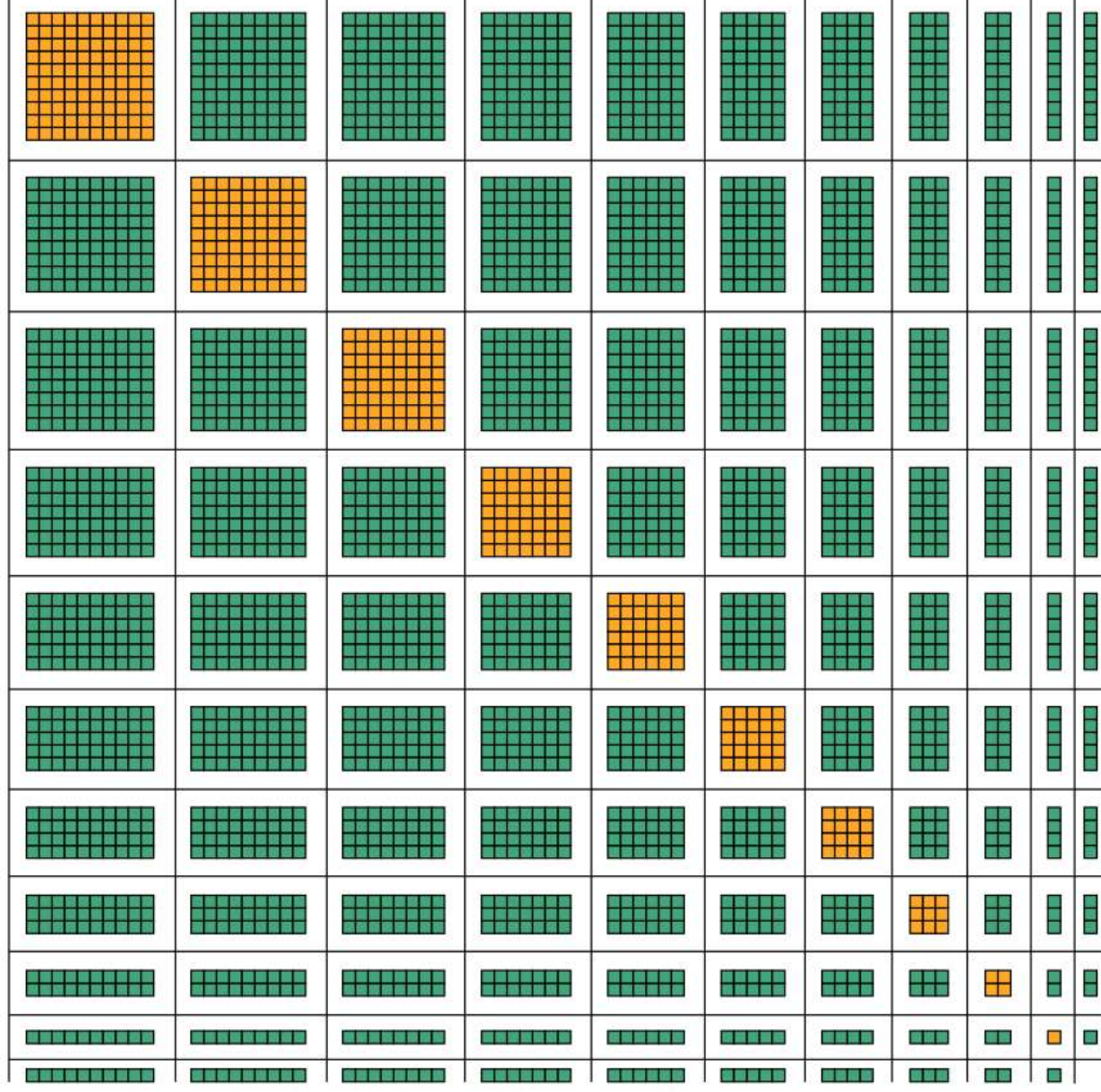


This is a visual representation of a multiplication square.



What do you notice?

Can you see

- square numbers?
- prime numbers?



1. Which of the following are the same as

$$3(4 + 10)$$

$$3 \times 4 + 10$$

$$(3 \times 4) + (3 \times 10)$$

$$3 \times 14$$

$$3 + 14$$

2. Which of these are the same calculation as

$$24 \times 14$$

$$12 \times 2 \times 14$$

$$6 \times 4 \times 2 \times 14$$

$$3 \times 7 \times 8 \times 2$$

$$2 \times 7 \times 6 \times 4$$

5. Which expression is the odd one out?

$$(20 \times 8) + (4 \times 8)$$

$$2 \times 4 \times 2 \times 6$$

$$(12 \times 8) + (12 \times 8)$$

$$8(20 + 4)$$

$$24 \times 8$$

6. Which of these expressions are the same

$$12(x + 1)$$

$$4(3x + 2)$$

$$2(6x + 3)$$

$$6(2x + 1)$$

7. Expand $-3(2y + x)$

3. Expand $4(x + 5)$

4. Calculate $\frac{5}{6}(2 + \frac{3}{5})$

8. 4 people have $(x + 3)$ apples each and
5 people have $(x - 4)$ apples each.

Write an expression, in its simplest form,
for the total number of apples

give your answer in simplest form

Expanding 1



Solutions on the next 2 slides....





1. Which of the following are the same as

$$3(4 + 10)$$



$$3 \times 4 + 10$$

$$3 \times 14$$

$$(3 \times 4) + (3 \times 10)$$

$$3 + 14$$

2. Which of these are the same calculation as

$$24 \times 14$$



$$12 \times 2 \times 14$$

$$3 \times 7 \times 8 \times 2$$

$$6 \times 4 \times 2 \times 14$$

$$2 \times 7 \times 6 \times 4$$

3. Expand $4(x + 5)$

$$= 4x + 20$$

4. Calculate $\frac{5}{6}(2 + \frac{3}{5})$

$$= \frac{5}{6} \times 2 + \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{10}{6} + \frac{15}{30}$$

$$= \frac{10}{6} + \frac{3}{6} = \frac{13}{6} = 2\frac{1}{6}$$

give your answer in simplest form





1. Expand $y(2y - 3)$
2. Expand $2x^2(3xy - 2x^3)$
3. Expand and simplify
 $5(x - 4) + 3(2x + 5)$
4. Expand and simplify
 $4(\sqrt{2} - 3) + 2(\sqrt{2} + 2)$
5. Multiply the expressions y and $y + 4$
Which of these expressions show the result?

$5y$	$y(y + 4)$	$y^2 + 4y$	$4y + 4$
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6. A rectangle of width 3 cm and width $x + 4$ cm, is made larger by doubling its side lengths.
What is the area, in cm^2 , of the larger rectangle ?
7. Expand and simplify $4 - 3(2 - a + t) - t$
8. Expand and simplify $\frac{a}{2} (3 + \frac{a}{4}) + \frac{a}{3} (2 + \frac{a}{2})$

Expanding 2



Solutions on the next slide....





1. Expand $y(2y - 3)$
→ $= 2y^2 - 3y$
2. Expand $2x^2(3xy - 2x^3)$
→ $= 6x^3y - 4x^5$
3. Expand and simplify
 $5(x - 4) + 3(2x + 5)$
→ $= 5x - 20 + 6x + 15 = 11x - 5$
4. Expand and simplify
 $4(\sqrt{2} - 3) + 2(\sqrt{2} + 2)$
→ $= 4\sqrt{2} - 12 + 2\sqrt{2} + 4 = 6\sqrt{2} - 8$



5. Multiply the expressions y and $y + 4$
Which of these expressions show the result? →

$$5y$$

$$y(y+4)$$

$$y^2 + 4y$$

$$4y + 4$$

6. A rectangle of width 3 cm and width $x + 4$ cm,
is made larger by doubling its side lengths. →
What is the area, in cm^2 , of the larger
rectangle ?

$$\text{new length} = 2x + 8$$

$$\text{new width} = 6$$

$$\text{Area} = 6(2x + 8) \text{ or } (12x + 48)\text{cm}^2$$

7. Expand and simplify $4 - 3(2 - a + t) - t$ →

$$= 4 - 6 + 3a - 3t - t$$

$$= 3a - 4t - 2$$

8. Expand and simplify $\frac{a}{2} \left(3 + \frac{a}{4} \right) + \frac{a}{3} \left(2 + \frac{a}{2} \right)$ →

$$= \frac{3a}{2} + \frac{a^2}{8} + \frac{2a}{3} + \frac{a^2}{6} = \frac{a^2}{6} + \frac{a^2}{6} + \frac{3a}{2} + \frac{2a}{3}$$

$$= \frac{3a^2}{24} + \frac{4a^2}{24} + \frac{36a}{24} + \frac{16a}{24}$$

$$= \frac{7a^2 + 52a}{24}$$